

SIMPLIFIED FIELD SERVICE

FOR A-70 SINGLE STAGE AND B-82 TWO STAGE FUEL UNITS

Model A-70 Single-Stage Pump

Model A-70 is recommended for single-pipe or two-pipe installations, either lift or gravity feed. On gravity feed installations the inlet pressure is not to exceed 10 p.s.i. On one pipe lift installations, the lift is not to exceed 8 feet. It may be mounted in any position. (See installation information form No. 440100 for specifications.)

PRESSURE GAGE RETURN 1/8" PORT 1/8 REGULATE **PRESSURE** NOZZLE PORT 1/8' INLET 1/4" A-7000 EASY FLOW AIR BLEED VALVE Note:--Model shown is a Right Hand Nozzle (From shaft end). On Left Hand Nozzle Models, all Ports and Bleed Valve are RETURN 1/4" INLET 1/4" 1/16" By-Pass Plug. Insert for 2 Pipe System NOTE: Initial start-up FIG. 1 prime fuel unit CAUTION: Do not insert By-Pass Plug with lubricating oil. if Single Pipe

Model B-82 Two-Stage Pump

The Model B-82 is recommended for two-pipe lift installations where the inlet vacuum does not exceed 15" Hg. vacuum. It may be mounted in all positions except upside down, (1/8" ports pointed down.) The porting arrangement of the B-82 Two-Stage Pump is the same as on the Model A-70 Single-Stage Pump. (See Figure 1.)

Air Bleed Procedure with Easy Flow Air Bleed Valve

ONE-PIPE SYSTEM

Start burner: Arrange primary burner control for continuous pump operation during purging operation.

Loosen Easy Flow Air Bleed Valve CCW just ½ turn for fast purging.

For clean bleed in restricted spaces, an easily attached hose may be used to direct bleed oil into a container.

A 1/4" ID hose may be slipped over end of valve, or bleeding may be direct into a container.

BLEED FUEL UNIT FOR 15 SECONDS AFTER LAST AIR BUBBLE IS SEEN—HURRIED BLEEDING WILL

BLEED FUEL UNIT FOR 15 SECONDS AFTER LAST AIR BUBBLE IS SEEN—HURRIED BLEEDING WILL IMPAIR EFFICIENT OPERATION OF UNIT.

To stop bleeding, turn Easy Flow Air Bleed Valve CW until tight.

Long or oversized inlet lines will take longer to bleed, therefore prime the fuel unit.

In such cases, the priming may be assisted by injecting fuel oil into the pump gear set through the cover inlet port.

TWO-PIPE SYSTEM

Air bleeding is automatic. Opening Easy Flow Air Bleed Valve will allow a faster bleed if desired.

Routine Performance Check

Even though the operation of the pump is satisfactory, a routine check of the line filter and the pump strainer may save time and effort.

Remove the pump cover and clean the strainer using a brush and clean fuel oil or kerosene. Replace or clean the cartridge in the line filter if necessary.

A vacuum check of the entire system should be a part of a routine check.

TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE

	Cause	Remedy
NO	Oil level below intake line in supply tank	Fill tank with oil.
OIL		Remove and clean strainer. Replace filter element.
FLOW	Clogged nozzle	
AT	Air leak in intake line	Tighten all fittings in intake line. Tighten unused intake
NOZZLE		port plug. Check filter cover and gasket.
		Replace any kinked tubing and check any valves in in-
	(High vacuum reading)	take line. Check Form 440100 for line sizes.
		Check for and insert by-pass plug. Make sure return line is below oil level in tank.
	A single-pipe system that becomes airbound	Loosen gage port plug or easy flow valve and bleed oil for 15 seconds after foam is gone in bleed hose. Check intake line fittings for tightness. Check all pump plugs for tightness.
	Slipping or broken coupling	Tighten or replace coupling.
	Rotation of motor and fuel unit	
	is not the same as indicated by	
	arrow on pad at top of unit	Install fuel unit with correct rotation. See Form No. 440100.
	Frozen pump shaft	Return unit to approved service station or Suntec factory for repair. Check for water and dirt in tank.
OIL	Loose plugs or fittings	Dope with good quality thread sealer. Retighten.
LEAK	Leak at pressure adj. screw or nozzle plug	Washer may be damaged. Replace the washer or O-Ring.
	Blown seal (single-pipe system)	Check to see if by-pass plug has been left in unit. Replace fuel unit.
	Blown seal (two-pipe system)	Check for kinked tubing or other obstructions in return line. Replace fuel unit.
	Seal leaking	
	Cover	Tighten cover screws or replace damaged gasket.
NOISY OPERATION	Bad coupling alignment	Loosen fuel unit mounting screws slightly and shift fuel unit in different positions until noise is eliminated. Retighten mounting screws.
		Check all connections. Use only good flare fittings. Install return line hum eliminator, in return line.
PULSATING PRESSURE	Partially clogged strainer or filter Air leak in intake line	Remove and clean strainer. Replace filter element. Tighten all fittings.
	Air leaking around cover	Be sure strainer cover screws are tightened securely. Check for damaged cover gasket.
Low	Defective gage	Check gage against master gage, or other gage.
OIL	Nozzle capacity is greater	Replace fuel unit with unit of correct capacity.
PRESSURE	than fuel unit capacity	See Form No. 440100 for GPH, P.S.I., and R.P.M.
IMPROPER NOZZLE CUT-OFF	After a minute of operation shut burner down	asert a pressure gage in the nozzle port of the fuel unit. If the pressure drops from normal operating pressure ly and air is the cause of improper cut-off. If, however, be replaced.
	NOTE: The A-70 pump circuitry is designed t amount of pressure drop as an indication of the	o give a high cut-off of superb quality. Never use the e quality or speed of cut-off.
	Filter leaks Strainer cover loose Air pocket between cut off valve and pozzla	Tighten 4 screws on cover.
		Run burner, stopping and starting unit, until smoke and after-fire disappears. Tighten intake fittings. Tighten unused intake port and
	Partially clogged nozzle strainer	return plug.
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Leak at nozzle adaptor. Change nozzle and adaptor.